ASSOCIATED RISKS: Musculoskeletal injuries Operatives/general public being l Strain injuries Serious injury Fatality	hit by falling materials tools			
Musculoskeletal injuries Operatives/general public being l Strain injuries Serious injury	hit by falling materials tools			
1 = MINOR	2 = SERIOUS	3 = MAJOR		
1 =LOW	2 = MEDIUM	X 3 = HIGH X		
RISK SCORE ACTION				
(Works must not start until strict controls are in place) (Prioritise and control action as far as practicable) (look for possible improvement at next review) (No further action required review periodically)				
		t justified because of the low risk		
F () () ()	I =LOW RISK SCORE ACTION Works must not start until strict Prioritise and control action as f look for possible improvement a No further action required review	I =LOW 2 = MEDIUM RISK SCORE ACTION Works must not start until strict controls are in place) Prioritise and control action as far as practicable) look for possible improvement at next review)		

CONTROL MEASURES:

The following are all requirements in law that the Company must carry out when working at height:

(a) Provide the most suitable equipment appropriate for the work.

(b) Take account of factors such as the working conditions (e.g. weather).

(c) Take into account the nature, frequency and duration of the work.

(d) The risks to the safety of everyone where the ladder/step ladder will be used.

Planning

Before starting a task, employees must carry out a 'pre-use' check to spot any obvious visual defects to make sure the ladder is safe to use to include:

(a) Employees will check the stiles to make sure they are not bent or damaged.

(b) Check the feet if they are missing, worn or damaged the ladder could slip.

- (c) Check there are not any bent, worn, missing or loose rungs and locking mechanisms.
- (d) Check the stepladder platform and steps and ensure it is not split or buckled or contaminated.

Assessing risk

(a) Ground conditions: Avoid slippery surfaces.

- (b) Site the ladder where they will not be struck by vehicles (protect the area using suitable barriers or cones)
- (c) Site the ladder where they will not be pushed over by other hazards such as doors or windows.
- (d) Site the ladder where the general public are prevented from using it, walking underneath it or being at risk because they are too near (use barriers, cones)

Safe use of a ladder.

- (a) Make sure the ladder angle is at 75°.
- (b) Always grip the ladder and face the ladder rungs while climbing or descending.
- (c) Don't try to move or extend ladders while standing on the rungs.
- (d) Don't work off the top three rungs, and try to make sure the ladder extends at least three rungs above where you are working.
- (e) Avoid holding items when climbing (consider using a tool belt)
- (f) Don't work within 6 m horizontally of any overhead power line, unless it has been made dead or it is protected with insulation. Use a non-conductive ladder (e.g. fibreglass) for any electrical work.
- (g) Maintain three points of contact when climbing (this means a hand and two feet) and wherever possible at the work position.
- (h) For a leaning ladder, you should secure it by tying the ladder to prevent it from slipping.
- (i) Use only Class 1 'Industrial' or EN 131 ladders for use at work. Make sure the temporary access equipment is a suitable size for the work.

REVISED SEVERITY RATING LIKELIHOOD RATING (severity X Likelihood) = 3 X 2 OVERALL RISK RANKING (severity X Likelihood) = 6		1= MINOR 1=LOW			JS M	3 = MAJOR X 3 = HIGH	
Head EN 397 YES	YES	Dust Mask FFP3 Site specific	Boots BS EN 345-1 YES	Glov BS EN YE	1 388	Hearing EN 352-1 Site specific	Eye protection BS EN Spec 166 YES
ASSESSMENT COMPLETED BY: Neil Gulvin Tech IOSH MCIOB DATE: July 2022 Signed		REVIEW DATE: Jul	REVIEW DATE: July 2023				